

***hregana** Runic: ᚨᚱᚱᚰᚱᚰᚱᚰ Pronunciation: /ˈxre.ɣa.nã/

verb · Strong class 4

Meanings

to jut out

Etymology

Seemingly from a Proto-Indo-European **krek-* (‘to jut out’), though Kroonen adduces no cognates outside of Germanic, specifically rejecting the traditional connections with Ancient Greek κρόσσαι (*króssai*) (króssai, ‘stepped copings of parapets’), Lithuanian *krākė* (‘rod, staff’), Russian кроква (krókva, ‘bar, club, rafters’). Orel, who reconstructs the Germanic as **regana*, instead derives the root from Proto-Indo-European **h₁erǵʰ-* (‘to move, go’), comparing Ancient Greek ἔρχομαι (*érkhomai*) (érkhomai, ‘to come, go’); however, in light of Old High German hragēn, this is phonetically untenable, as well as semantically tenuous.

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	hregō	hregau	–
2nd singular	hrigizi	hregaiz	hreg
3rd singular	hrigidi	hregai	hregadau
1st dual	hregōz	hregaiw	–
2nd dual	hregadiz	hregaidiz	hregadiz
1st plural	hregamaz	hregaim	–
2nd plural	hrigid	hregaid	hrigid
3rd plural	hregandi	hregain	hregandau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	hregai	–
2nd singular	hregazai	hregaizau
3rd singular	hregadai	hregaidau
1st dual	–	–
2nd dual	–	–
1st plural	hregandai	hregaindau
2nd plural	hregandai	hregaindau
3rd plural	hregandai	hregaindau

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	hrag	hrēgĭ
2nd singular	hraht	hrēgīz
3rd singular	hrag	hrēgī
1st dual	hrēgū	hrēgīw
2nd dual	hrēgudiz	hrēgīdiz
1st plural	hrēgum	hrēgīm
2nd plural	hrēgud	hrēgīd
3rd plural	hrēgun	hrēgīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
hreganaꝥ	hregandz	hruganaz

Descendants

regen (Middle High German)

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