

***markōṇa** Runic: ṼṼṼ Ṽ < ṼṼṼ Pronunciation: /'mar.kɔ:.nã/

verb · Weak class 2

Meanings

1. to mark
2. to notice

Etymology

From *marka ('mark, sign, stamp') + *-ōṇa.

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	markō	markō	—
2nd singular	markōsi	markōs	markō
3rd singular	markōpi	markō	markōpau
1st dual	markōs	markōw	—
2nd dual	markōpiz	markōpiz	markōpiz
1st plural	markōmaz	markōm	—
2nd plural	markōp	markōp	markōp
3rd plural	markōnpi	markōn	markōnpau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	markōi	–
2nd singular	markōsai	markōsau
3rd singular	markōpai	markōpau
1st dual	–	–
2nd dual	–	–
1st plural	markōnpai	markōnpau
2nd plural	markōnpai	markōnpau
3rd plural	markōnpai	markōnpau

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	markōdō	markōdēdī
2nd singular	markōdēz	markōdēdīz
3rd singular	markōdē	markōdēdī
1st dual	markōdēdū	markōdēdīw
2nd dual	markōdēdudiz	markōdēdīdiz
1st plural	markōdēdum	markōdēdīm
2nd plural	markōdēdud	markōdēdīd
3rd plural	markōdēdun	markōdēdīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
markōnā	markōndz	markōdaz

Descendants

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

merkia (Old Frisian)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

mearcian (Old English)

marken, merken (Middle English)

mark (English)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

marchier (Old French)

marciare (Italian)

marchi, marchier (Norman)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

marchier (Old French)

marcher (Middle French)

marcher (French)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

marchier (Old French)

marcher (Middle French)

marchen (Middle English)

march (English)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

markōn (Old High German)

marken (Middle High German)

merken (German)

***markōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

markon (Old Saxon)

marken (Middle Low German)

marka (Old Norse)

marka (Icelandic)

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