

***wanāṇą** Runic: ṼṼṼṼṼṼ Pronunciation: /'wa.nɑ:.nã/

verb · Weak class 3

Meanings

to become less; lessen; wane

Etymology

From *wanaz ('lacking') + *-āṇą.

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	wanō	—	—
2nd singular	wanaisi	—	wanai
3rd singular	wanaīpi	—	wanāḡpau
1st dual	wanōs	—	—
2nd dual	wanāḡpiz	—	wanāḡpiz
1st plural	wanāmaz	—	—
2nd plural	wanaīḡ	—	wanaīḡ
3rd plural	wanāṇḡpi	—	wanāṇḡpau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	—	—
2nd singular	wanāsai	—
3rd singular	wanāpai	—
1st dual	—	—
2nd dual	—	—
1st plural	wanānpai	—
2nd plural	wanānpai	—
3rd plural	wanānpai	—

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	wanadō	wanadēdī
2nd singular	wanadēz	wanadēdīz
3rd singular	wanadē	wanadēdī
1st dual	wanadēdū	wanadēdīw
2nd dual	wanadēdudiz	wanadēdīdiz
1st plural	wanadēdum	wanadēdīm
2nd plural	wanadēdud	wanadēdīd
3rd plural	wanadēdun	wanadēdīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
wanānā	wanāndz	wanadaz

Descendants

***wanēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wania, wonia (Old Frisian)

wanōn (Old High German)

wanōn (Old Saxon)

***wanēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

 ***wanon** (Old Dutch)

wānen (Middle Dutch)

***wanēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wanian, wonian (Old English)

wanien, wonien, wanen (Middle English)

wane (English)

wan, wane (Scots)

vana (Old Norse)

vana (Icelandic)

𐍹𐍺𐍵𐍺** (wanān**) (Gothic)

𐍹𐍺𐍵𐍺𐍽 (**wanains**) (Gothic)

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