

***wanōṇa** Runic: ᚹᚠᚱᚰᚱᚰᚹᚰ Pronunciation: /'wa.nɔ:.nã/

verb · Weak class 2

Meanings

To become less; lessen; wane

Etymology

From *wanaz ('lacking') + *-ōṇa. Compare Latin vānēscō for the semantic development.

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	wanō	wanō	—
2nd singular	wanōsi	wanōs	wanō
3rd singular	wanōþi	wanō	wanōþau
1st dual	wanōs	wanōw	—
2nd dual	wanōþiz	wanōþiz	wanōþiz
1st plural	wanōmaz	wanōm	—
2nd plural	wanōþ	wanōþ	wanōþ
3rd plural	wanōnþi	wanōn	wanōnþau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	wanōi	—
2nd singular	wanōsai	wanōsau
3rd singular	wanōpai	wanōpau
1st dual	—	—
2nd dual	—	—
1st plural	wanōnpai	wanōnpau
2nd plural	wanōnpai	wanōnpau
3rd plural	wanōnpai	wanōnpau

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	wanōdō	wanōdēdī
2nd singular	wanōdēz	wanōdēdīz
3rd singular	wanōdē	wanōdēdī
1st dual	wanōdēdū	wanōdēdīw
2nd dual	wanōdēdudiz	wanōdēdīdiz
1st plural	wanōdēdum	wanōdēdīm
2nd plural	wanōdēdud	wanōdēdīd
3rd plural	wanōdēdun	wanōdēdīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
wanōnā	wanōndz	wanōdaz

Descendants

***wanōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wania, wonia (Old Frisian)

wanōn (Old High German)

***wanōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

 ***wanon** (Old Dutch)

wanen, waenen (Middle Dutch)

***wanōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wanian, wonian (Old English)

wanien, wonien, wanen (Middle English)

wane (English)

wan, wane (Scots)

***wanōn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wanōn (Old Saxon)

wanen, wānen (Middle Low German)

vana (Old Norse)

vana (Icelandic)

[View on Wiktionary](#)