

***wunānā** Runic: 𐌿𐌺𐌹𐌺𐌹𐌺𐌹 Pronunciation: /'wu.nɑ:.nã/

verb · Weak class 3

Meanings

1. To be satisfied, be pleased with, enjoy
2. To be accustomed (to)
3. To remain, dwell, live, reside

Etymology

A stative verb derived from the adjective *wuna(n)- ('accustomed'), a formation related to *wanaz ('accustomed').

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	wunō	—	—
2nd singular	wunaisi	—	wunai
3rd singular	wunaiþi	—	wunāþau
1st dual	wunōs	—	—
2nd dual	wunāþiz	—	wunāþiz
1st plural	wunāmaz	—	—
2nd plural	wunaiþ	—	wunaiþ
3rd plural	wunānþi	—	wunānþau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	–	–
2nd singular	wunāsai	–
3rd singular	wunāpai	–
1st dual	–	–
2nd dual	–	–
1st plural	wunānpai	–
2nd plural	wunānpai	–
3rd plural	wunānpai	–

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	wunadō	wunadēdī
2nd singular	wunadēz	wunadēdīz
3rd singular	wunadē	wunadēdī
1st dual	wunadēdū	wunadēdīw
2nd dual	wunadēdudiz	wunadēdīdiz
1st plural	wunadēdum	wunadēdīm
2nd plural	wunadēdud	wunadēdīd
3rd plural	wunadēdun	wunadēdīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
wunānā	wunāndz	wunadaz

Descendants

***wunēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wonon (Old Dutch)

wōnen (Middle Dutch)

wonen (Dutch)

woeane, wónne (Limburgish)

***wunēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wunian (Old English)

wunien, wunen, wonen (Middle English)

won, wone (English)

won, wone (Scots)

***wunēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wunia, wonia, wenja (Old Frisian)

woonje (Saterland Frisian)

wenje (West Frisian)

***wunēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wonēn (Old High German)

wonen (Middle High German)

wohnen (German)

wohne (Hunsrik)

***wunēn** (Proto-West Germanic)

wunōn, wonōn, wonon (Old Saxon)

wōnen (Middle Low German)

wohnen (German Low German)

wanen (Low German)

una (Old Norse)

una (Icelandic)

una (Norwegian Nynorsk)

𐍹𐍺𐍯𐍭** (wunān**) (Gothic)

𐍺𐍹𐍺𐍯𐍭𐍳 (**unwunānds**) (Gothic)

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