

***wīhānā** Runic:  Pronunciation: /'wi:.xɑ:.nǎ/

verb · Weak class 3

Meanings

to hallow, to consecrate

Etymology

SS:reformulated from Wikt. Weak class 1. From *wīhaz ('sacred, holy') + *-ānā. Reformulated in Northwest Germanic as a Weak class 1 verb, wīhijanā. The precise formation of the Germanic paradigm is uncertain, however, since the origin of the Weak class 3 alternation *-ai- ~ *-ā- remains disputed Jasanoff 1973; Ringe 2017: 203–206, 286–89; Tanaka 2011: 254–60, 268–69).

Descendants:

Conjugation

Present active

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive	Imperative
1st singular	wīhō	—	—
2nd singular	wīhaisi	—	wīhai
3rd singular	wīhaiḽi	—	wīhāḽpau
1st dual	wīhōs	—	—
2nd dual	wīhāḽiz	—	wīhāḽiz
1st plural	wīhāmaz	—	—
2nd plural	wīhaiḽ	—	wīhaiḽ
3rd plural	wīhānḽi	—	wīhānḽpau

Present passive

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	—	—
2nd singular	wīhāsai	—
3rd singular	wīhāḽpai	—
1st dual	—	—
2nd dual	—	—
1st plural	wīhānḽpai	—
2nd plural	wīhānḽpai	—
3rd plural	wīhānḽpai	—

Past

Person	Indicative	Subjunctive
1st singular	wīhadq̄	wīhadēdī
2nd singular	wīhadēz	wīhadēdīz
3rd singular	wīhadē	wīhadēdī
1st dual	wīhadēdū	wīhadēdīw
2nd dual	wīhadēdudiz	wīhadēdīdiz
1st plural	wīhadēdum	wīhadēdīm
2nd plural	wīhadēdud	wīhadēdīd
3rd plural	wīhadēdun	wīhadēdīn

Non-finite Forms

Infinitive	Present Participle	Past Participle
wīhānq̄	wīhāndz	wīhadaz

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