

***-ōdaz** Runic:  Pronunciation: /ɔ:.ðaz/

suffix · forms adjectives · a-stem

Function

forms denominal adjectives meaning ‘having, provided with, characterized by X’, comparable to English “-ed” in bearded, horned, ringed

Etymology

From Proto-Indo-European **-eh₂-to-s* **-eh₂-tó-s*, a denominal adjectival complex consisting of the **-eh₂-* (creates collective and abstract nouns) + **-tó-* (adjectival/participial suffix), with the sense ‘provided with X’ (Ringe 2017: 326). Ringe treats the Germanic formations as inherited “pseudo-participles”. The variant **-ōdijaz* represents a secondary extension of **-ōdaz* (Krahe & Meid 1969: 143, 149; Ringe 2017: 326). The suffix was not originally a past participle, though it became formally indistinguishable from one, since Weak class 2 past participles likewise had **-ō-* + **-daz*. As a result, some formations could be reinterpreted as participial. Cognates include Latin *-ātus* and Proto-Slavic **-atŭ*.

Paradigm

Strong declension

Case	Sg. Masc.	Sg. Fem.	Sg. Neut.	Pl. Masc.	Pl. Fem.	Pl. Neut.
Nom.	-ōdaz	-ōdō	-ōda, -atō	-ōdai	-ōdōz	-ōdō
Acc.	-ōdanq̄	-ōdq̄	-ōda, -atō	-ōdanz	-ōdōz	-ōdō
Gen.	-ōdas, -is	-ōdaizōz	-ōdas, -is	-ōdaizq̄	-ōdaizq̄	-ōdaizq̄
Dat.	-ōdammai	-ōdaizōi	-ōdammai	-ōdaimaz	-ōdaimaz	-ōdaimaz
Inst.	-ōdanō	-ōdaizō	-ōdanō	-ōdaimiz	-ōdaimiz	-ōdaimiz

Weak declension

Case	Sg. Masc.	Sg. Fem.	Sg. Neut.	Pl. Masc.	Pl. Fem.	Pl. Neut.
Nom.	-ōdō	-ōdq̄	-ōdō	-ōdaniz	-ōdōniz	-ōdōnō
Acc.	-ōdanu	-ōdōnu	-ōdō	-ōdanunz	-ōdōnunz	-ōdōnō
Gen.	-ōdiniz	-ōdōniz	-ōdiniz	-ōdanq̄	-ōdōnq̄	-ōdanq̄
Dat.	-ōdini	-ōdōni	-ōdini	-ōdammaz	-ōdōmaz	-ōdammaz
Inst.	-ōdinē	-ōdōnē	-ōdinē	-ōdammiz	-ōdōmiz	-ōdammiz

Descendants

-ōd,-ōdī (Proto-West Germanic)

 *-od, *-odi, *-ot (Old Dutch)

 -de, ge- -t (Middle Dutch)

 -de, ge- -d (Dutch)

-ōd,-ōdī (Proto-West Germanic)

 -od (Old English)

 -ed (Middle English)

 -ed (English)

 -it (Scots)

*-ōd, *-ōdī (Proto-West Germanic)

-ad (Old Frisian)

-ed (Saterland Frisian)

*-ōd, *-ōdī (Proto-West Germanic)

gi- -ōt (Old High German)

ge- -t, -t (German)

*-ōd, *-ōdī (Proto-West Germanic)

-ōdī (Old Saxon)

-et, -te (Middle High German)

-ǣþh̄ (-oþur) (Proto-Norse)

-aðr, -ða -uðr (Old Norse)

-et (Danish)

-aður (Faroese)

-aður, -ða, -uður (Icelandic)

-ete (Norwegian Bokmål)

-ete (Norwegian Nynorsk)

-d, -t (Swedish)

-𐌳𐌿𐍃 (-ōþs) (Gothic)

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